Tapping into Available Capacity in Existing Infrastructure to Create Water Supply and Water Quality Solutions

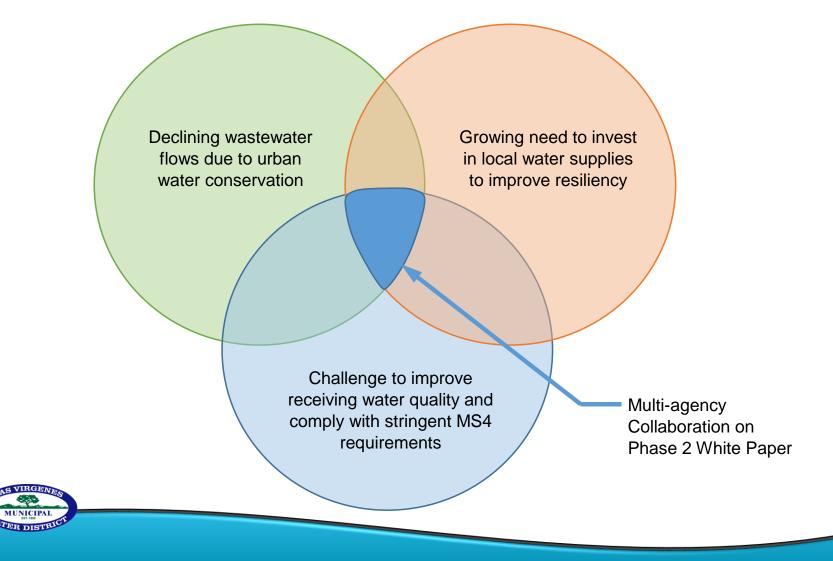
> Greater Los Angeles Region IRWMP Leadership Committee

> > August 28, 2019

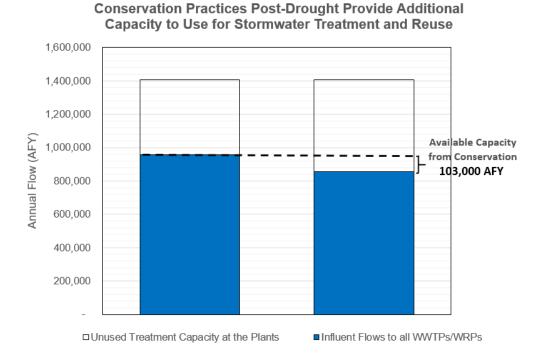
David W. Pedersen, P.E. General Manager



Primary Drivers for Study



Conservation and Wastewater Flows



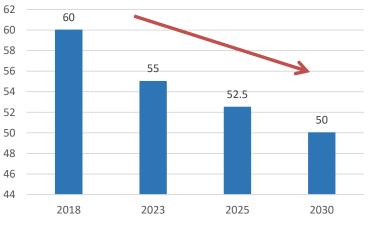
Note: Figures estimated based on preliminary analysis.

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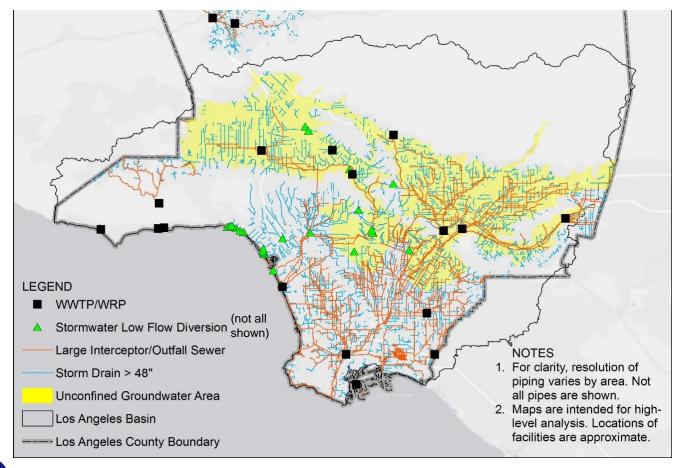
SB 606 / AB1668 – Making Conservation a California Way of Life





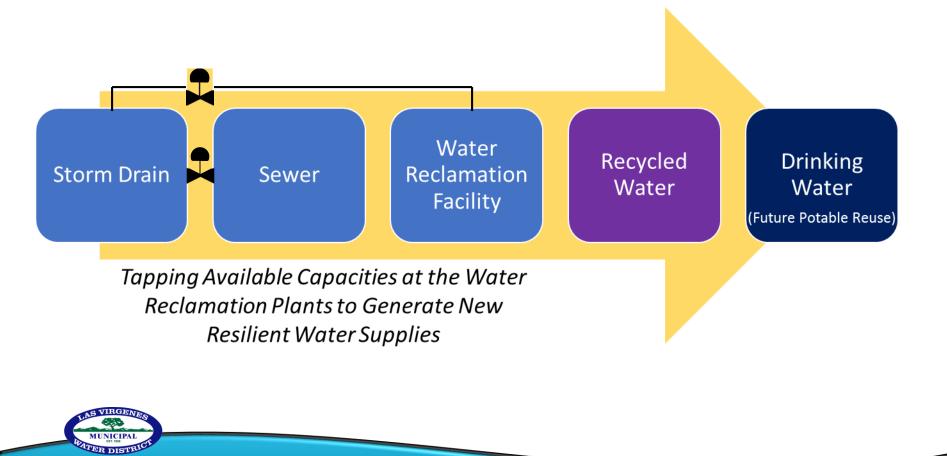
Indoor Water Use (GPCD)

Overlapping Infrastructure



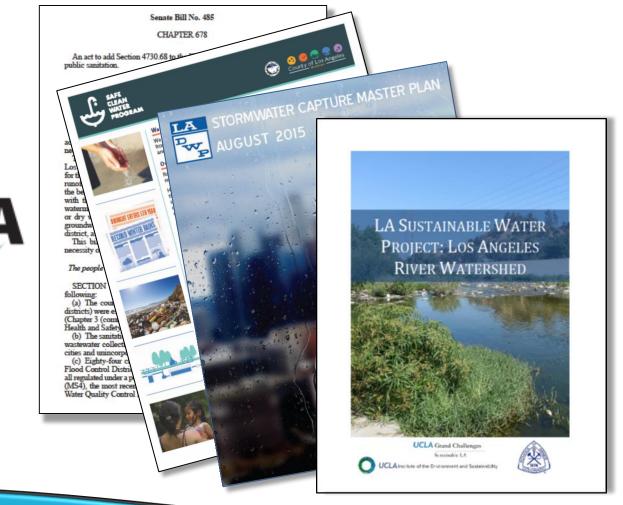


The Approach



Alignment w/Existing Efforts

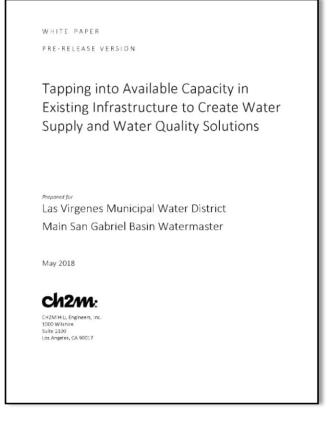






Phase 1 White Paper

- Completed in May 2018.
- Highlighted the merits of diverting urban runoff and first flush stormwater to the wastewater system.
- Illustrated the need for additional study:
 - To address potential challenges and complexities.
 - To engage a much broader group of stakeholders.





Purpose of Phase 2 White Paper

- Explore the opportunity for controlled and strategic integration of the region's existing stormwater and wastewater systems to achieve multiple benefits:
 - Enhance the quality of receiving waters in Los Angeles County, and
 - Increase water supplies available for recycling.
- Build upon the work initiated with Phase 1 White Paper and engage a broader group of stakeholders.
- Provide a roadmap for municipalities to pursue the strategy.



Participating Agencies

- Las Virgenes Municipal Water District
- Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County
- Los Angeles County Department of Public Works
- Los Angeles Department of Water and Power
- LA Sanitation and Environment
- Main San Gabriel Basin Watermaster
- Water Replenishment District of Southern California
- Central Basin Municipal Water District
- Pasadena Water and Power
- Three Valleys Municipal Water District
- City of Torrance
- Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District



Conclusions

- Water and wastewater agencies are valuable partners to develop multibenefit solutions that support MS4 compliance.
- Drought and long-term conservation have resulted in reductions to influent sewer flows, a trend that is likely to continue in the future.
- Over the next 10 years, water reuse projects are expected to more than double the current reuse flow rate.
- Permissive diversion of urban runoff and some stormwater can help to address MS4 requirements, while generating additional source water for recycling.
- Maximizing the use of existing infrastructure makes good economic sense.
- Additional study of the strategy is warranted through a Phase 2 White Paper.



Phase 2 Progress

- Phase 2 Study underway 30% complete
- Final report expected in early 2020
- Presentation to SCCWRP on Aug. 29
- Technical Review and Steering Committees
- Roadmap for MS4 Permittees

