

**STATUS OF STATE LEGISLATIVE BILLS PRESENTED TO THE
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE
2011-2012 SESSION
MAY 19, 2011**

BILL	AUTHOR	STATUS	SUMMARY	TASK FORCE POSITION
AB 34	Williams	Amended May 10, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, AB 939, established a compost market program and requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) to adopt regulations governing the operation of organic composting sites, including odor management and threshold levels. The act prohibits the operation of a solid waste facility without a solid waste facilities permit issued by the local enforcement agency (LEA) having jurisdiction over the facility.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to adopt, by July 1, 2012, regulations with which LEAs would be required to comply when adopting site-specific objective odor performance thresholds for compost facilities. The bill would authorize a compost facility operator to apply to an LEA to adopt performance thresholds and to pay an application fee in accordance with a fee schedule adopted by the LEA. The bill would also prohibit an LEA from verifying a complaint that originates from a compost facility unless the odor violates certain performance thresholds.</p>	Oppose
AB 204	Halderman	Amended March 8, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property sold at retail or purchased from a retailer in this state.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would exempt from sales and use taxes the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, equipment purchased by a biomass energy facility for use in its biomass energy production. This exemption would not apply to local sales and use taxes or transactions and use taxes and taxes from which revenues are deposited into the Local Public Safety Fund, the Local Revenue Fund, or the Fiscal Recovery Fund.</p>	
AB 255	Wieckowski	Amended April 7, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law generally prohibits the disposal of latex paint, unless authorized, but allows recyclable latex paint to be accepted at any location if specified requirements are met. Existing law authorizes DTSC to allow a HHW collection facility to accept hazardous waste from a conditionally exempt small quantity generator (CESQG).</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would allow a permanent HHW collection facility that is authorized to accept hazardous waste from a CESQG to accept recyclable latex paint from any generator, if the facility complies with certain requirements.</p>	Watch

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AB 298	Brownley, Dickinson, Huffman, Chesbro, Ma	Amended April 14, 2011 Senate Environmental Quality Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law, AB 2449 (Levine, 2006), requires an operator of a store, as defined, to establish an at-store recycling program and to make reusable bags available to customers. These requirements are repealed on January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a manufacturer, as defined, from selling or distributing a reusable bag unless the guidelines for the cleaning and disinfection of the bag are printed on the bag or on a tag attached to the bag.</p>	Watch
AB 341	Chesbro	Amended May 5, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law, the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, is required to reduce, recycle, and reuse solid waste generated in the state to the maximum extent feasible in an efficient cost-effective manner to conserve water, energy, and other natural resources.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would (1) require CalRecycle, on Jan. 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, to ensure that 75% of all solid waste is diverted; (2) provide that NDFE updates are not subject to CalRecycle approval or comment/review by a LTF; (3) statutorily establish mandatory commercial recycling, including requiring a jurisdiction to implement a commercial recycling program and include that program in a jurisdiction's AB 939 compliance review; (4) require the enforcement agency to give notice of its determination to allow certain changes to the operation of a solid waste facility without a revision to the facility's solid waste facility permit.</p>	Letter of Opposition Sent March 21, 2011

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AB 408	Wieckowski, Logue, and Miller	Amended April 12, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: (1) Existing law provides that the expense of a emergency response related to hazardous substances is a charge against the person whose negligence caused the incident, under certain circumstances. (2) Existing law requires a manifest to transported hazardous waste and establishes a procedure for a consolidated manifest. (3) Existing law requires an adopted business plan for response to the release of hazardous materials. (4) Under existing law, the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards prescribe waste discharge requirements in accordance with the federal Clean Water Act and the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, which defines a publicly owned treatment works (POTW) that serves a small community to mean a POTW serving a community of 10,000 persons or fewer.</p> <p>Proposed Law: (1) This bill would provide that these expenses are a charge against the person whose negligence caused the incident if the incident necessitated an evacuation from the building, structure, property, or public right-of-way where the incident originates, or the incident results in the spread of hazardous substances or fire beyond the building, structure, property, or public right-of-way where the incident originates. (2) This bill would allow the consolidating manifesting procedure to be used for the receipt, by a transporter, of one shipment of used oil from a generator whose identification number has been suspended, this exemption would become inoperative after Jan. 1, 2014. (3) This bill would additionally require a business to adopt the plan or inventory for specified lesser or greater amounts of various classes of hazardous materials if the hazardous materials meet certain requirements. The administering agency would be required to make findings regarding the regulation of certain of these hazardous materials in consultation with the local fire chief. (4) This bill would expand that definition to include a POTW serving a community of 20,000 persons or fewer.</p>	
AB 508	Swanson	Introduced February 15, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires a local government agency letting a public transit service contract out to bid to give a bidding preference for contractors and subcontractors who agree to retain, for a period of at least 90 days, certain employees who were employed by the previous contractor or subcontractor.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would add employees of solid waste handling and recycling contractors and subcontractors to those provisions.</p>	Watch

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AB 512	Gordon	Introduced February 15, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	Existing Law: Existing law authorizes a local government to receive a bill credit for electricity exported to the electrical grid by an eligible renewable generating facility limited to a generating capacity of no more than one megawatt. Proposed Law: This bill would expand the definition to include a facility that has a generating capacity of no more than 5 megawatts.	Watch
AB 525	Gordon	Amended April 25, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	Existing Law: The California Tire Recycling Act imposes a fee on the purchase of a new tire. The revenue is deposited in the CA Tire Recycling Management Fund. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to provide outreach to local agencies regarding a program it may establish under existing law to award grants to cities, counties, and other local government agencies for the funding of public works projects that use waste tires and require the amount appropriated for this purpose from the fund to not be less than 16% of the amount of the funds appropriated for market development and new technology activities for used tires and waste tires. The bill would make the grant program inoperative on June 30, 2015.	Letter of Support if Amended Sent March 31, 2011
AB 549	Carter	Introduced February 16, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	Existing Law: The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 requires a retailer to collect a covered electronic waste recycling fee from the consumer. These fees are deposited in the E-Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, and CalRecycle is required to make payments to an authorized collector or recycler upon receipt of a completed and verified invoice. Proposed Law: This bill would additionally require, as a condition of making these payments, that the covered electronic device for which the payment is claimed was used in this state. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to review any documentation required to be submitted by an authorized collector or recycler before making these payments, and to refuse to make these payments, if CalRecycle determines that the documentation is incomplete or not in compliance with the act or the regulations adopted pursuant to the act.	

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AB 583	Knight	Introduced February 16, 2011 Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee	<p>Existing Law: The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 requires a retailer to collect an electronic waste recycling fee and to transmit the fee to CalRecycle. Existing law provides for the administration of the act by both CalRecycle and DTSC. Existing law incorporates the provisions of the act into the hazardous waste control laws.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would transfer the duties, powers, and authority of DTSC under the act to CalRecycle and would require affiliated DTSC employees to be transferred to CalRecycle. The bill would delete the provision authorizing the enforcement of the act under the hazardous waste control laws and would make conforming changes with regard to the transfer of this authority.</p>	Watch
AB 638	Skinner	Amended April 13, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (commission) and the State Air Resources Board (board) to develop and adopt recommendations for the Governor and Legislature on a California Strategy to Reduce Petroleum Dependence. Existing law also requires the commission, in partnership with the board, to develop and adopt a state plan to increase the use of alternative transportation fuels.</p> <p>Proposed Law: The bill would require specified agencies, on or before January 1, 2013, develop a strategy for petroleum fuel use reduction and alternative fuel use in specified vehicles, and identify regulatory and statutory barriers to attaining the petroleum fuel consumption targets.</p>	Watch
AB 712	Williams	Amended March 31, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	<p>Existing Law: The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires a distributor to pay a redemption payment for each beverage container sold or offered for sale to CalRecycle. The act requires CalRecycle and Recovery, subject to the availability of funds, to expend specified moneys set aside in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund, for specified purposes relating to the recycling of beverage containers.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit CalRecycle from making any payments, grants, or loans to a jurisdiction, if that jurisdiction has adopted or is enforcing a land-use restriction that prevents the siting or operation of a certified recycling center at a supermarket site.</p>	Oppose

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AB 762	Smyth	Amended May 11, 2011 Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law establishes the Medical Waste Management Act, to be administered by the Dept of Public Health. The act authorizes the consolidation of medical waste into a common container specified medical waste, biohazardous waste, and sharps waste, if the consolidated waste is treated by an approved extremely high heat technology, as specified. The act requires the container to be labeled with the biohazardous waste symbol and the words "HIGH HEAT ONLY" or other label approved by the department.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would authorize the reuse of a common container and require the consolidated waste to be treated by either incineration at a permitted medical waste treatment facility or with an alternative technology, as specified. This bill would authorize the use of the word "INCINERATION" in addition to the words "HIGH HEAT ONLY" or other label approved by the department.</p>	
AB 789	Chesbro	Introduced February 17, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	<p>Existing Law: The California Tire Recycling Act imposes a fee on the purchase of a new tire. The revenue is deposited in the CA Tire Recycling Management Fund.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to set aside 16 percent of grant funding for local government public works projects that use waste tires. The bill would make the grant program inoperative on June 30, 2015.</p>	Letter of Support if Amended Sent March 31, 2011

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AB 794	Wieckowski	Amended May 3, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 makes it unlawful to sell a covered electronic device in this state to a consumer unless CalRecycle or DTSC determines that the manufacture is in compliance with the act. The act imposes various civil penalties of up to \$25,000 for specified violations. The act authorizes/requires CalRecycle to pay an E-waste payment if specified conditions are met.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would revise the findings and declarations to declare that one of the purposes of the act is to provide sufficient funding for the safe, cost-free, and convenient collection and recycling of 100% of the covered E-waste. This bill would additionally authorize CalRecycle to impose a civil penalty and/or revoke the approval or deny the renewal application of an E-waste collector or recycler for making a false statement or representation in a document filed or used for purposes of compliance with the act. This bill would require that the covered E-waste originates or is used by a person in this state. This bill would require CalRecycle to make E-waste payments upon completion of CalRecycle's review of a payment claim. The bill would also authorize CalRecycle to conduct a selective audit of authorized collectors, recyclers, or manufacturers receiving payments from CalRecycle.</p>	
AB 812	Ma	Introduced February 17, 2011 Assembly Transportation Committee	<p>Existing Law: Under existing law, any materials to be used in paving for use by the DOT or any other state agency, the State Procurement Officer is required to make contracts available that use recycled materials. Existing law prohibits recycled concrete from being sold to the DOT or the Dept of General Services unless specifically requested by that department.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would delete the requirement that the DOT or the Dept of General Services specifically request recycled concrete. This bill would require the DOT to increase the allowable amount of recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) to 50% for hot mix asphalt mixes, unless the Director of Transportation determines that the use of the material is not practical, cost effective, or appropriate for a given application.</p>	
AB 818	Blumenfield	Introduced February 17, 2011 Assembly Local Government Committee	<p>Existing Law: AB 939 requires a local jurisdiction to adopt an ordinance requiring the provision of adequate areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials in development projects, including residential buildings having 5 or more living units before issuing a building permit to a development project.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would enact the Renters' Right to Recycle Act, to require an owner of a multifamily dwelling, defined as consisting of 5 or more living units, to arrange for recycling services that are appropriate and available for the multifamily dwelling.</p>	Letter of Opposition sent April 26, 2011

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AB 837	Nestande	Amended May 11, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires rigid plastic packaging containers sold or offered for sale in this state to meet specified criteria, including, but not limited to, that the container be made from 25% postconsumer material.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a manufacturer or supplier from selling a plastic food or beverage container in this state that is advertised with a specific recycled content amount unless the manufacturer or supplier is able to provide certification of the stated recycled content in a format that is easy to understand and scientifically accurate. A city, a county, or the state would be able impose penalties, in the amounts specified, for the violation of this law.</p>	
AB 900	Swanson	Amended May 10, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires CalRecycle to develop and implement a source reduction and recycling program for school districts.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would allow a school district to provide recycling and composting bins on the campus of each public elementary and secondary school. The bill would allow a school district to determine the number of bins to be located on a campus on the basis of the size of both the pupil population and the surface area of that campus.</p>	Watch
AB 921	Allen	Amended April 25, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: AB 939 requires CalRecycle to develop a program to increase the use of compost products in agricultural applications.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would enact the Agriculture Water Efficiency with Compost Use and Greenhouse Gas Reduction Act of 2011, which would require the Department of Food and Agriculture, in conjunction with the Department of Water Resources, to, through their existing programs, oversee a study or studies conducted by the University of California Extension Service, in partnership with local water districts, farmers, growers, and compost producers, to measure increases in water use efficiency through the use of compost in agricultural settings, and other potential benefits from the use of compost, with regard to climate change.</p>	

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AB 960	Lowenthal	Introduced February 18, 2011 Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee	<p>Existing Law: The E-Waste Recycling Act of 2003 requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect a fee from the consumer and CalRecycle is continuously appropriated the money deposited in the E-Waste Recovery and Recycling Account to make recovery payments and recycling payments. Existing law requires an E-waste exporter to comply with specified notification requirements and make specified demonstrations. Existing law exempts from these requirements a component part of a covered electronic device that is exported and reused or recycled.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require that the recycler conform their export practices as a condition of receiving the recovery and recycling payments. The bill would revise the requirements imposed on E-waste exportation. The bill would repeal the existing exemption for exportation of component parts that are reused or recycled and would instead require CalRecycle to adopt regulations regarding exemptions.</p>	Support
AB 1019	Perez	Amended April 14, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires the Dept of General Services to ensure that carpet removed from state buildings is managed in a manner that diverts the carpet from landfills and recycles it into secondary products or manages it in a manner consistent with the state's solid waste hierarchy.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require the department to take those steps by January 1, 2014. The bill would also define the term "state buildings" to include buildings owned or leased by the state.</p>	
AB 1149	Gordon and Wieckowski	Introduced February 18, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	<p>Existing Law: The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires a redemption payment for every beverage container sold or offered for sale in the state to be deposited in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to CalRecycle for market development expenditure for plastic beverage containers, until January 1, 2012.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would extend the sunset date for the Plastic Market Development Program to continue investment until January 1, 2017.</p>	Support and Amend

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AB 1178	Ma	Amended May 10, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law authorizes a city or county to assess special fees of a reasonable amount on the importation of waste from outside of the county to publicly owned or privately owned facilities.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a city, county from restricting the importation of solid waste into that city or county based on the place of origin, except as specified with regard to publicly owned solid waste facilities or the local land use authority.</p>	Oppose
AB 1189	Mendoza	Amended April 11, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law creates CalRecycle in the Natural Resources Agency, which succeeds to the duties and authority of the former CIWMB. Existing law, the Dry Cell Battery Management Act imposes requirements upon the sale of consumer products containing rechargeable batteries and imposes certain labeling requirements.</p> <p>Proposed Law: The bill would, among other things, require a producer or the household battery stewardship organization created to submit a household battery stewardship plan to CalRecycle, by January 1, 2012. By April 1, 2013 governmental entities that operate a location at which residents may drop off materials for recycling would be required to provide for the collection of used household batteries. By April 1, 2013 governmental entities that operate a curbside collection program that includes used household batteries would be required to sort those batteries from other collected materials.</p>	Oppose unless Amended
AB 1227	Huber	Introduced February 18, 2011 Assembly Desk	<p>Existing Law: The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires every beverage container sold or offered for sale in this state to have a minimum refund value. The act also makes various findings and declarations regarding beverage container recycling.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those findings and declarations.</p>	
AB 1258	Knight	Introduced February 18, 2011 Assembly Desk	<p>Existing Law: Existing law, the CA Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires a distributor to pay a redemption payment of \$0.04 for every beverage container sold or offered for sale in CA to CalRecycle for deposit in the CA Beverage Container Recycling Fund.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision of the act.</p>	

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AB 1303	Williams	Amended April 25, 2011 Assembly Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law (1) requires that specified moneys collected as part of the electrical rate between from the electrical corporations be deposited in the Public Interest Research, Development, and Demonstration Fund; (2) requires a separate electrical rate component to fund energy efficiency and renewable energy R&D; and (3) requires that 20% of the funds collected be used to provide for the continued operation of fully competitive and self-sustaining existing in-state renewable electricity generation facilities during the 2007-2011 business cycle.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would extend the use of specified moneys deposited in the Public Interest Research, Development, and Demonstration Fund until January 1, 2020, for implementation of renewable energy programs. This bill would require that 20% of the deposited funds be used for programs that are designed to diversify in-state renewable energy production and achieve fully competitive and self-sustaining existing in-state renewable electricity generation facilities during the 2012-2020 business cycle.</p>	Letter of Support sent May 18, 2011 for April 25, 2011 version
AB 1332	Donnelly	Introduced February 18, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency with primary jurisdiction over the regulation of air pollution, including greenhouse gas emissions. Existing law creates the state board within the California Environmental Protection Agency with prescribed membership.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would abolish the State Air Resources Board and transfer its authority, duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction to the California Environmental Protection Agency.</p>	
AB 1376	Nestande	Amended May 2, 2011 Assembly Revenue and Taxation Committee	<p>Existing Law: The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property sold at retail or purchased from a retailer in this state.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would exempt from those taxes tangible property purchased by a qualified person for use primarily for the production of electrical energy from renewable sources, as specified, and qualified tangible personal property purchased for use by a contractor for specified purposes, as provided.</p>	

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SBX1-2	Simitian	Chaptered April 12, 2011	<p>Existing Law: The Renewable Energy Resource Program and the California RPS Program intend to increase the amount of electricity generated from eligible renewable energy resources to 20% in California per year by Dec. 31, 2010.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would revise the 20% RPS implementation date to Dec. 31, 2013 and increase the amount of renewable energy procured to 33% by Dec. 31, 2020. The bill would also perpetuate restrictive requirements that would continue to prohibit municipal solid waste conversion technologies from being classified as "renewable electric generation facilities".</p>	Letter of Opposition sent March 3, 2011
SB 23	Simitian	Amended April 26, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: The Renewable Energy Resource Program and the California RPS Program intend to increase the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources. Existing law requires the Energy Commission to adopt regulations specifying procedures for enforcement of the RPS requirements by July 1, 2011. Existing law requires the PUC, by July 1, 2011, to determine the effective load carrying capacity of wind and solar energy resources on the electrical grid.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would extend the compliance date for these requirements by one year.</p> <p>The introduced version of this bill related to the 33% RPS requirement, which was considered during an extraordinary legislative session on budget deliberations as SBX1-2.</p>	Letter of Concern Sent February 3, 2011 for Introduced version
SB 41	Yee	Amended May 9, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law, which sunsets Dec. 31, 2018, authorizes a county or city to authorize a licensed pharmacist to sell or furnish 10 or fewer sharps to a person 18 years of age use without a prescription.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would delete the prohibition against any person possessing or having under his or her control any sharps. This bill would, until January 1, 2015, make existing sharps possession provisions, including any local authorization, inoperative, and would in the interim, authorize a physician or pharmacist, without a prescription or a permit, to furnish 30 or fewer sharps to a person 18 years of age or older. This bill would specify that a pharmacy or sharps exchange program shall provide one or more of the following disposal options: (1) Onsite, safe, sharps collection and disposal, (2) Furnish, or make available, mail-back sharps disposal containers, and (3) Furnish, or make available, a personal medical sharps disposal container that meets applicable standards for disposal of medical sharps waste.</p>	Letter of Support if Amended Sent March 31, 2011 for Introduced version

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SB 178	Simitian	Amended April 12, 2011 Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee	Existing Law: Existing law establishes the Green Ribbon Science Panel and authorizes it to take various actions in assisting DTSC with regard to chemicals of concern in consumer products. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize the Green Ribbon Science Panel to form subgroups to consider and report to the full panel and DTSC on specific priority topics identified by DTSC.	Watch
SB 324	Cannella	Introduced February 14, 2011 Senate Rules Committee	Existing Law: Under existing law, CalRecycle administers the CA Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act. Proposed Law: This bill would make a conforming change to the act's statement of legislative intent with regard to that authority.	
SB 419	Simitian	Introduced February 16, 2011 Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee	Existing Law: Existing law requires a pharmaceutical manufacturer to submit, on an annual basis, to CalRecycle a plan supporting the safe collection and proper disposal of specified waste devices. The manufacturer is required to post and maintain a copy of the plan on its Web site. Proposed Law: This bill would require the above plan to be submitted in an electronic format, as prescribed by CalRecycle. The bill would require the manufacturer to post and maintain a copy of the plan in a readily accessible location on its Web site.	
SB 456	Huff	Amended May 2, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	Existing Law: Existing law authorizes a door-to-door HHW collection program to transport hazardous waste from individual residences to an authorized HHW collection facility. Existing law exempts a door-to-door HHW collection program from using a manifest when transporting HHW to an authorized hazardous waste collection facility. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize a door-to-door HHW collection program to transport HHW to a hazardous waste collection facility. The bill would require the use of consolidated manifesting procedure by a public agency, or its contractor, if it transports HHW to a hazardous waste collection facility, however, the bill would exclude a generator that is a household from the requirement of having an identification number.	

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SB 515	Corbett	Amended May 2, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	Existing Law: AB 939, as amended, requires retailers of rechargeable batteries to have in place a system for the acceptance and collection of rechargeable batteries. Proposed Law: The bill would require, by April 1, 2013, a producer or the household battery stewardship organization created, and/or a registered hazardous waste transporter, to submit a household battery stewardship plan to CalRecycle. The bill would prohibit, on and after Jan 1, 2014, selling a household battery unless the stewardship plan for that battery is deemed complete by CalRecycle. The act would require implementation of battery stewardship plans, including achieving a specified collection rate and contacting cities, counties, districts, and regional agencies either to reimburse the local public agency for the mutually agreed upon cost of collecting household batteries or provide for the pickup of household batteries, or both.	Letter of Support sent March 22, 2010
SB 518	Simitian	Introduced February 18, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	Existing Law: Existing law, the CA Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires CalRecycle to establish reporting periods for redemption and recycling rates for beverage containers. The act also requires CalRecycle to determine the redemption and recycling rates for each reporting period and to issue a report on those determinations. Proposed Law: This bill would delete the provisions that require CalRecycle to establish reporting periods and redemption rates. The bill also would delete the definition of 'redemption rate' and make other conforming changes.	
SB 567	DeSaulnier	Amended April 11, 2011 Assembly Natural Resources Committee	Existing Law: Existing law prohibits selling a plastic bag or food/beverage container that is labeled as "compostable" or "marine degradable" unless that plastic bag or container meets certain CalRecycle or ASTM standard specifications. Proposed Law: This bill would repeal those prohibitions and would instead prohibit the sale of a plastic product labeled as "compostable" or "marine degradable" unless it meets those ASTM standard specifications or a standard adopted by CalRecycle, or unless the plastic product is labeled with a qualified claim for which CalRecycle has an adopted existing standard, and the plastic product meets that standard. The bill would prohibit the sale of a plastic product that is labeled as "biodegradable," "degradable," "decomposable," or as otherwise specified.	

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SB 568	Lowenthal	Amended April 14, 2011 Senate Environmental Quality Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires all rigid plastic bottles and rigid plastic containers sold in CA to be labeled with a code that indicates the resin used to produce it. AB 939, as amended, requires every rigid plastic packaging container sold or offered for sale in CA to generally meet specified criteria.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a food vendor, on and after Jan 1, 2014, from dispensing prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container. The bill would provide that a school district is not required to comply with these requirements until July 1, 2015.</p>	Letter of support Sent March 31, 2011
SB 589	Lowenthal	Introduced April 25, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires hazardous waste facilities to operate under hazardous waste facilities permits issued by DTSC and exempts a recycle-only HHW collection facility if it meets certain requirements, including submittal of a certification regarding the operation of the facility to the certified unified program agency (CUPA).</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would allow, as an alternative to that requirement, that the facility accept only universal waste, as defined, and that this waste be managed pursuant to specified regulations.</p>	
SB 771	Kehoe	Amended April 13, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law establishes the Renewable Resource Trust Fund and requires that certain moneys collected to support renewable energy resources through the public goods charge are deposited into the fund and authorizes the Energy Commission to expend the moneys. Existing law limits the eligible electricity generating systems that may receive incentives to those systems that are intended primarily to offset part or all of the consumer's own electricity demand.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would expand the definition of "renewable energy" to include energy generation based on landfill gas turbines, digester gas turbines, and microturbines.</p>	Letter to Support and Amend Sent March 31, 2011

**STATUS OF STATE LEGISLATIVE BILLS PRESENTED TO THE
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE
2011-2012 SESSION
MAY 19, 2011**

BILL	AUTHOR	STATUS	SUMMARY	TASK FORCE POSITION
SB 833	Vargas	Amended April 25, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: AB 939, as amended, regulates the management of solid waste and authorizes CalRecycle and LEAs to perform specified functions, including the issuance of solid waste facilities permits (SWFP). Existing law prohibits the operation of a solid waste facility without a SWFP and additionally prohibits a person from, among other things, disposing of solid waste, or accepting solid waste for disposal, except at a permitted solid waste disposal facility.</p> <hr/> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a person from constructing or operating a solid waste landfill disposal facility located in the County of San Diego if that disposal facility is located within 1,000 feet of the San Luis Rey River or an aquifer that is hydrologically connected to that river and is within 1,000 feet of a site that is considered sacred or of spiritual or cultural importance to a tribe and is listed in the California Native American Heritage Commission Sacred Lands Inventory.</p>	Letter of Opposition sent Feb. 18, 2011
SB 841	Wolk	Amended May 12, 2011 Senate Environmental Quality Committee	<p>Existing Law: AB 939 allows each county, city, or district to determine aspects of solid waste handling that are of local concern and the means by which the services are to be provided. Existing law imposes specified restrictions on the enforceability of certain indemnity obligations related to source reduction and diversion contained in a provision, term, condition, or requirement in an ordinance, contract, franchise, license, permit, or other entitlement or right adopted, entered into, issued, or granted by a local agency. Existing law prohibits a solid waste enterprise from being liable for the indemnity obligation under certain circumstances.</p> <hr/> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would make null and void indemnity obligations that require solid waste enterprises to defend and hold harmless a local agency in connection with the local agency's imposition of fees that are found by final judgment of a court to have been imposed in violation of Article XIII C or Article XIII D of the California Constitution (Proposition 26) or that require a solid waste enterprise to refund certain fees that are found by such a final judgment to have been imposed in violation of those provisions. The bill would become operative on July 1, 2012, and would not apply retroactively.</p>	

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BILL	AUTHOR	STATUS	SUMMARY	TASK FORCE POSITION
SB 909	La Malfa and Correa	Amended April 13, 2011 Senate Appropriations Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires treated wood waste to be disposed of in either a class I hazardous waste landfill, or in a composite-lined portion of a solid waste landfill unit that meets certain requirements. Existing law requires wholesalers and retailers of treated wood products to conspicuously post information that contains sources for obtaining further information, such as an Internet Web site and a toll free number. Existing law makes these, and other requirements, inoperative on June 1, 2012, and repeals them on January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would specify the Internet Web site and toll-free telephone number that are to be included in the posted message. The bill would extend the repeal date to January 1, 2018 and would delete obsolete language.</p>	
SB 915	Calderon	Amended March 25, 2011 Senate Environmental Quality Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law requires an operator of a store to establish an at-store recycling program. This requirement is repealed on Jan 1, 2013. Existing law prohibits a city, county, or other local public agency from taking specified regulatory actions with regard to the recycling of plastic carryout bags.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill requires plastic bag use to be reduced by an unspecified percent by an unspecified year. The bill also would establish a mandatory level of recycled content in plastic bags. The bill would require CalRecycle to establish a working group of stakeholders to develop strategies for increasing the recycling of plastic bags and develop suggestions for funding increased consumer awareness.</p>	Opposed February 25, 2011 Version
SB 932	Leno	Amended April 25, 2011 Senate Environmental Committee	<p>Existing Law: Existing law regulates the labeling requirements for various consumer products.</p> <p>Proposed Law: This bill would require a notice relating to radiofrequency energy emitted by a cellular telephone to be prominently displayed by the retailer immediately adjacent to the displayed purchase price at the retail location, the Internet, and on the cellular telephone's exterior packaging.</p> <p>This bill has been amended and no longer relates to solid waste, this bill will be omitted from future Legislative Tables.</p>	