- ✓ During this Task Force Meeting members can discuss legislation.
- ✓ TF can propose a recommend position on a bill and then staff will send the proposed recommendation to CEO-LAIR for review. Bills being considered for a proposed recommendation will be placed on the monthly TF agenda.
- ✓ During the legislative update TF members can identify other bills from the Legislative table they would like to consider for a recommended position.
- ✓ Staff will rely on your guidance and expertise in prioritizing bills and identifying the bills for the TF to recommend formal positions on.
- ✓ CEO-LAIR will review proposed recommendations and provide a Memo of Findings for each proposed recommendation.
- ✓ Once Memo of Findings is received, bill can be placed on TF agenda for a formal recommendation to the Board.
- ✓ After a formal recommendation is approved by TF, Staff will send a letter to the Board with the formal recommendation.

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	County Position/ TF Position
AB 27	Schiavo	Amended June 19, 2025 (Chiquita Canyon) Senate Committee on Appropriations 2-Year Bill	Personal Income Tax Law: Corporation Tax Law: Chiquita Canyon elevated temperature landfill event: exclusions. Proposed Law: This bill would have provided an exclusion from gross income for amounts received, on or after March 1, 2024, as compensation for loss, damages, expenses, relocation, suffering, loss in real property value, closing costs with respect to real property, including relator commissions, or inconvenience, including access to the real property, related to the Chiquita Canyon elevated temperature landfill event in the County of Los Angeles.	County & TF: Support
AB 28	Schiavo	Amended September 3, 2025 (Landfills) 2-Year Bill	Solid waste landfills: subsurface temperatures. Proposed Law: This bill would require the state board to amend its regulations on methane emissions from a municipal solid waste landfill (MSW landfill) to establish requirements for the monitoring of landfill gas temperature.	County & TF: Support
AB 70	Aguiar- Curry	Chaptered October 13, 2025 (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement)	Proposed Law: This Act defines pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of oxygen. Would also require CalRecycle, no later than January 1, 2027, to amend regulations to include, as a recovered organic waste product attributable to a local jurisdiction's procurement target, pipeline biomethane converted exclusively from organic waste.	No Position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	County Position/ TF Position
AB 80	Aguiar- Curry	Amended July 9, 2025 (Recycling) DEAD	Proposed Law: This bill would have authorized CalRecycle to impose administrative, rather than civil, penalties (\$10,000), and to impose administrative penalties of \$25,000 per day if a violation of any provision is intentional of knowing. This bill would instead require the stewardship organization to create a governing board for the stewardship program.	No position
AB 436	Ramson	Amended March 10, 2025 (Composting) 2-Year Bill	Proposed Law: This bill would require, the Office of Land Use and Climate Innovation along with CalRecycle to develop a technical advisory by June 1, 2027, detailing best practices for siting composting facilities. Upon revising land use elements after the advisory is posted, cities, counties, and city and county entities must consider incorporating best practices, sample general plan, and model ordinance reflected in the technical advisory and to consider updating the land use element to identify areas where composting facilities may be appropriate as an allowable use by January 1, 2029.	County & TF: Support
AB 473	Wilson	Introduced February 6, 2025 (Recyclability) DEAD	Environmental advertising: recyclability. Proposed Law: This bill would require, before January 1, 2027, that a product or packaging that is a covered material be considered recyclable in the state if the producer is approved by a producer responsibility organization (PRO) to participate in that organization. On or after January 1, 2027, and before January 1, 2032, the bill would require that a product or packaging that is a covered material be considered recyclable in the state if the producer complies with the requirements of the Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act.	No position
AB 762	Irwin	Amended March 28, 2025 (Ban Toxic Products) 2-Year Bill	Disposable, battery-embedded vapor inhalation device: prohibition. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from selling, distributing, or offering for sale a new or refurbished disposable, battery-embedded vapor inhalation device in this state.	No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	County Position/ TF Position
AB 864	Ward	Amended July 17, 2025 (Hazardous Waste) DEAD	Hazardous waste: solar photovoltaic modules. Proposed Law: This bill would have made the universal waste designation applicable to a solar photovoltaic module that is intended for recycling and cannot otherwise be resold, reused, or refurbished only until DTSC adopts regulations implementing alternative management standards for solar photovoltaic modules.	No position
AB 973	Hoover	Amended April 22, 2025 (Recyclability) DEAD	Recycling: trash bags: plastic packaging and products. Proposed Law: This bill would have repealed the current program for the recycling of rigid plastic packaging containers and replace it with a new program for recycling plastic packaging and products. Would have required, on or before July 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, a manufacturer of a covered product to pay an annual registration charge and to register with CalRecycle.	No position
AB 1153	Bonta	Amended April 22, 2025 (Illegal dumping) 2-Year Bill	Solid waste disposal and codisposal site cleanup: illegal disposal site abatement. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize CalRecycle, to provide program funding to public entities to abate illegal disposal sites for removing and disposing of recreational vehicles and for enforcement strategies including developing local enforcement teams and illegal dumping enforcement officers.	County & TF: Support
AB 1304	Schultz	Amended April 3, 2025 (Paint Recovery) DEAD	Paint product recovery program: paint recovery: education and outreach. Proposed Law: This bill would have required paint manufacturers to develop and implement a program to recover, reuse, and recycle postconsumer paint. The bill would have defined "paint recovery" to mean the process of collecting and transporting leftover paint for the purpose of reuse, processing, or recycling to reduce its environmental impact and disposal costs.	No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	County Position/ TF Position
SB 45	Padilla	Amended March 5, 2025 (Bottle Bill/recyclability) DEAD	Recycling: beverage containers: tethered plastic caps. Proposed Law: This bill would have required, starting on January 1, 2027, beverage containers sold in the state, to have a cap that is tethered to the container intended to stay attached to the bottle when it is opened by a consumer. Bottles that have a 70% recycling rate are exempt until January 1, 2028.	TF: Support
SB 279	McNerney	Chaptered October 11, 2025 (Composting)	Proposed Law: This bill would expand excluded activity exemption for composting activities by eliminating the maximum square-foot condition and authorizing a total amount of feedstock and compost onsite at any one time of up to 200 cubic yards, or 500 cubic yards for a composting activity owned by a public agency. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to further increase those amounts by regulation. Would also make composting of agricultural materials and residues that are from a large-scale biomass management event at an agricultural facility that does not otherwise operate as a solid waste facility excluded activity. Would authorize composting activities to give away or sell up to 5,000 cubic yards of compost product annually.	No position
SB 404	Caballero	Vetoed October 13, 2025 (Hazardous Waste)	Proposed Law: This bill would have repealed current provisions and implement a comprehensive regulatory framework for metal shredding facilities. Prohibiting owners or operators from operating such facilities without a permit from the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) or being classified as having a permit. The bill would have required DTSC to take final action on a permit application by an existing facility within 3 years. Requiring DTSC to post on its internet website general information about each metal shredding facility that has applied for or obtained a permit, and to conduct at least one site visit to the applicant's facility after receipt of the permit application. Require DTSC to formulate a procedure for notifying the community about potential risks related to metal shredding facilities, especially concerning releases of light fibrous materials, by July 1, 2027.	TF: Support

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	County Position/ TF Position
SB 501	Allen	Amended April 7, 2025 (HHW EPR) 2-Year Bill	Household Hazardous Waste Producer Responsibility Act. Proposed Law: This bill would establish a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and would require a producer responsibility organization (PRO) to ensure the safe and convenient collection and management of covered products at no cost to consumers or local governments. The bill would define "covered product" to mean a consumer product that is ignitable, toxic, corrosive, or reactive, or that meets other specified criteria.	County: Support
SB 561	Blakespear	Amended June 23, 2025 (HHW EPR) 2-Year Bill	Hazardous waste: Emergency Distress Flare Safe Disposal Act. Proposed Law: This bill would create a manufacturer responsibility program for the safe and proper management of emergency distress flares. Would define "covered product" to include certain pyrotechnic devices that meet the criteria for household hazardous waste.	No position
SB 615	Allen	Amended September 2, 2025 (HHW EPR) DEAD	Vehicle traction batteries. Proposed Law: This bill would have required a battery supplier to be responsible for ensuring the responsible end-of-life management of a vehicle traction battery if it is removed from a vehicle that is still in service or if the vehicle traction battery is offered or returned to its battery supplier, and reporting information regarding the sale, transfer, or receipt of a vehicle traction battery or battery module to DTSC.	No position
SB 682	Allen	Vetoed October 13, 2025 (PFAS)	Environmental health: product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Proposed Law: This bill would, on and after January 1, 2028, prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale certain products that contain intentionally added PFAS except for previously used products and as otherwise preempted by federal law. The bill would, on and after January 1, 2030, prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale cookware that contains intentionally added PFAS, except for previously used products and as otherwise preempted by federal law.	No Position



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

OCT 13 2025

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am returning Senate Bill 404 without my signature.

The bill would establish a comprehensive regulatory program for metal shredding facilities to be administered by the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and would require metal shredding facilities to obtain a permit from DTSC.

I support the author's intent to create a uniform structure for permitting metal shredding facilities in California. These facilities are critical to maintaining supply chain stability, recycling millions of end-of-life vehicles, household appliances, and other metallic items produced, used, and discarded annually in California. Unless recycled, these metal materials would overwhelm available landfill capacity, creating a massive accumulation of damaged and abandoned cars, appliances, and other items.

However, this bill lacks clear definitions regarding the materials processed at these facilities, including what "hazardous waste" requirements are applicable. Without this clarity, this bill is not as protective, places a significant burden on DTSC, and cannot be successfully implemented.

I encourage the author to work closely with DTSC and interested parties to remedy this issue, as well as ensure that any future legislation requires metal



shredding facilities operate, and be permitted to operate, in a health-protective manner.

For these reasons, I cannot sign this bill.

Singerely,

Gavin



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

OCT 13 2025

To the Members of the California State Senate:

I am returning Senate Bill 682 without my signature.

The bill, beginning January 1, 2028, prohibits a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale a cleaning product, dental floss, juvenile product, food packaging, or ski wax, as specified, that contains intentionally added PFAS. Additionally, this bill, beginning January 1, 2030, prohibits a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale cookware that contains intentionally added PFAS.

I share the author's goal to protect human health and the environment by phasing out the use of PFAS in consumer products. However, the broad range of products that would be impacted by this bill would result in a sizable and rapid shift in cooking products available to Californians. I appreciate efforts to protect the health and safety of consumers, and while this bill is well-intentioned, I am deeply concerned about the impact this bill would have on the availability of affordable options in cooking products. I believe we must carefully consider the consequences that may result from a dramatic shift of products on our shelves.

I encourage the author and stakeholders to continue discussions in this space, while ensuring that we are not sacrificing the ability of Californians to afford



household products like cookware with efforts to address the prevalence of PFAS.

For these regions, I cannot sign this bill.

Since ely,

Gavin Newform