

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

- ✓ During this Task Force Meeting members can discuss legislation.
- ✓ TF can propose a recommend a position on a bill and then staff will send the proposed recommendation to CEO-LAIR for review. Bills being considered for a proposed recommendation will be placed on the monthly TF agenda.
- ✓ During the legislative update TF members can identify other bills from the Legislative table they would like to consider for a recommended position.
- ✓ Staff will rely on your guidance and expertise in prioritizing bills and identifying the bills for the TF to recommend formal positions on.
- ✓ CEO-LAIR will review proposed recommendations and provide a Memo of Findings for each proposed recommendation.
- ✓ Once Memo of Findings is received, bill can be placed on TF agenda for a formal recommendation to the Board.
- ✓ After a formal recommendation is approved by TF, Staff will send a letter to the Board with the formal recommendation.

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 347	Ting	Amended July 3, 2024  2-Year Bill  (Problem Products)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Household product safety: toxic substances: testing and enforcement.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would require the DTSC, on or before January 1, 2026, to adopt regulations regarding enforcement of prohibitions on the use of PFAS. Requires manufacturers of these products to register with DTSC, pay a registration fee and provide a statement of compliance certifying compliance with the applicable prohibitions on the use of PFAS.	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  No Position
AB 817	Pacheco	Amended May 29, 2024  2-Year Bill  (Teleconferencing/Brown Act) <b>Dead</b>	<b>Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill allows, until January 1, 2026, a subsidiary body of a local agency to teleconference without meeting all the teleconferencing requirements of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Brown Act) to: expand the pool of people that serve on advisory bodies and commissions, remove a significant barrier to entry in civic life and reduce the environmental impact of from travel.	In Senate Local Government Committee and Senate Judiciary Committee  <a href="#">Support Position via Board motion</a>
AB 861	Santiago	Amended May 18, 2023  2-Year Bill  (Legacy Disposal Cleanup)  <b>Dead</b>	<b>Hazardous waste: Exide Technologies facility.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would require DTSC to contract with an entity that has expertise in remediating contaminated sites for the purpose of reviewing the department's residential cleanup near the former Exide Technologies lead-acid battery recycling facility in the City of Vernon. The bill would require the contractor to use only existing data in its review, but, if necessary, the bill would authorize the contractor to take, review, and analyze limited samples. Requires the contractor to meet with members of the community to hear comments or concerns about the cleanup and provide its findings to	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee  <a href="#">Watch position</a>

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LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			the board. Requires the board to post the contractor's findings on the board's internet website.	
AB 863	Aguiar-Curry Dodd	Amended June 20, 2024  <b>2-Year Bill</b>  (EPR)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Carpet recycling: carpet and flooring: producer responsibility organizations: fines: succession: training.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would establish a flooring producer responsibility program that would require producers of covered products to form and join a single product responsibility organization (PRO) for the collection and recycling of a covered product. Would define a "covered product" to include carpet, artificial turf, and resilient flooring. Would require the PRO to develop a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, recycling, and the safe and proper management of covered products in the state; requires the PRO to perform specified public outreach regarding the plan before submitting it to CalRecycle for approval. Would also authorize CalRecycle to impose administrative penalties for a violation of the program's requirements. CalRecycle to prepare an initial statewide needs assessment, to among other things, determine the necessary steps and investment needed to achieve a resilient flooring recycling rate of 25% by 2030; CalRecycle shall, after completion of the needs assessment, to determine whether to authorize a separate producer responsibility organization for resilient flooring	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  No position
AB 1238	Ward	Amended June 10, 2024  <b>2-year Bill</b>  (EPR)  <b>Dead</b>	<b>Hazardous waste: solar panels.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would establish a stewardship program for solar photovoltaic modules that are not included in the definition of consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module; would add consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules to the definition of covered electronic devices. On and after January 1, 2030, would require a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer, including a developer or installer of a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic system, to pay a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module recycling fee in an amount determined by CalRecycle. Requires a retailer selling a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module to collect a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module recycling fee. Requires CalRecycle, and would	In Senate Rules Committee  <a href="#">Watch position</a>

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			authorize DTSC, to adopt regulations to implement the provisions of the act related to consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules. The bill would prohibit CalRecycle's regulations implementing the provisions of the act related to consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules from having an effective date earlier than January 1, 2029.	
AB 1659	Gabriel	Amended June 28, 2023  2-Year Bill  (EPR)	<b>Sale of small electronic devices: charging devices.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would prohibit a manufacturer from selling a small electronic device, for the first time, and first sold in California, on or after January 1, 2026, unless that small electronic device meets certain criteria, including being equipped with a USB Type-C receptacle. Requires a wholesaler or retailer of a small electronic device manufactured on or after January 1, 2026, to offer to make the sale without a charging device, and to display, certain information depending on the existence and specifications of an included charging device. Would require the wholesaler or retailer to provide a specified purchaser with certain information relating to the wired charging devices that can be used with the small electronic device. The bill would exempt from its provisions the sale of a secondhand small electronic device, the sale of a laptop before July 1, 2026, and the sale of a small electronic device of a specified size.	In Senate Appropriations Committee  No position
AB 2236	Bauer-Kahan	Amended July 3, 2024  (Single-Use Plastics)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the <i>single-use carryout bag</i> exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag or to contain an unwrapped food item. Would prohibit a store from providing, distributing, or selling a bag to a customer at the point of sale. The bill would revise the definition of <i>recycled paper bag</i> to require it be made from a minimum 50% postconsumer recycled materials on or after January 1, 2028, without exception. Also, the bill would update requirements for reusable grocery bags at point of sale.	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Support position</a>
AB 2244	Ting	Amended June 27, 2024  (Harmful Chemicals)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Product safety: proofs of purchase: bisphenols.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2025, a paper proof of purchase (paper receipts) provided to a consumer by a business or created by a manufacturer from containing bisphenol A, and, on and after January 1, 2026, from containing any intentionally added bisphenols. The bill would specify that a violation	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  No position

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			would be punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a first violation, and not to exceed \$10,000 for each subsequent violation.	
<b>AB 2302</b>	Addis	Introduced February 12, 2024  (Teleconferencing/Brown Act) <b>Dead</b>	<b>Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would revise the Brown Act limits, instead prohibiting such participation for more than a specified number of meetings per year, based on how frequently the legislative body regularly meets.	In Senate floor.  <a href="#">Watch position</a>
<b>AB 2311</b>	Bennett	Revised March 20, 2024  (Renewable Technology/ Infrastructure)	<b>Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: grant program: edible food.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would expand the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund grant program to provide financial assistance for the recovery of edible food. Would specify that eligible infrastructure projects include the construction or expansion of facilities to help develop, implement, or expand edible food waste recovery operations. Requires CalRecycle to consider the increased amount of edible food recovery capacity that the project will create when awarding a grant for edible food recovery.	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  No position
<b>AB 2346</b>	Lee	Amended July 3, 2024  (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Organic waste reduction regulations: procurement of recovered organic waste products.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would authorize local jurisdictions to be credited for the procurement of recovered organic waste products through an agreement with a direct service provider and would allow the direct service provider agreement to include the procurement of recovered organic waste products on a prospective basis as long as the purchase of those products occurs during the year for which the local jurisdiction seeks credit. The bill would also authorize local jurisdictions to count towards their procurement targets, compost produced and procured from specified compost operations, and specified investments and expenditures related to meeting its procurement target. Allows CalRecycle, on or before January 1, 2027, to evaluate, on a regular basis, the per capita procurement target calculation. Would authorize a local jurisdiction to determine a local per capita procurement target using information from a local jurisdiction waste characterization study to procure a quantity of recovered organic waste products that meets or exceeds a 5-year procurement target.	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Support position</a>
<b>AB 2511</b>	Berman	Amended May 16, 2024  (Bottle Bill)	<b>Beverage container recycling: market development payments.</b>	In Senate Appropriations Committee.

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			<b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would extend the inoperative date of the market development payment program to July 1, 2027, 2026, subject to the availability of funds, and would repeal the program as of July 1, 2028.	No position
AB 2514	Aguiar-Curry	Amended July 3, 2024  (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement)  Hearing on August 5, 2024	<b>Solid waste: organic waste: diversion: hydrogen: biomethane.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would define pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of organic material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of oxygen. Would additionally require CalRecycle, no later than January 1, 2026, to amend regulations to include, as a recovered organic waste product attributable to a local jurisdiction's procurement target, hydrogen and pipeline biomethane converted exclusively from organic waste	In Senate Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Support position</a>
AB 2761	Hart and Lowenthal	Amended June 6, 2024  (PFAS)  Dead	<b>Product safety: plastic packaging: Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would enact the Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act, which would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, including PFAS, OVC, and/or PVDC The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee.  No position
SB 551	Portantino	Amended March 21, 2024  2-Year Bill  (Single-Use Plastics)	<b>Beverage containers: recycling.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would authorize certain beverage manufacturers to submit with other beverage manufacturers a consolidated report, in lieu of individual reports, that identifies the postconsumer recycled plastic content for beverage containers and the amounts of virgin plastic and postconsumer recycled plastic used in beverage containers. Requires the consolidated report to be submitted under penalty of perjury and pursuant to standardized forms prescribed by CalRecycle.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Watch position</a>
SB 615	Allen & Min	Amended July 3, 2024  2-Year Bill  (EPR)	<b>Vehicle traction batteries.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would require vehicle traction batteries in the state to be recovered and reused, when possible, repaired, repurposed, or remanufactured and eventually recycled at the end of their useful life. Would also require a battery supplier to be responsible for, among other things, ensuring the responsible end-of-life management of a vehicle traction battery if it is removed from a vehicle that is still in services, or if the battery is offered or returned to the battery supplier for reporting	In Assembly Appropriations Committee  No position

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			information regarding the sale, transfer, or receipt of a vehicle traction battery to CalRecycle, and developing an submitting to CalRecycle a battery management plan for the collection of a battery for which they were the battery supplier and fully fund the cost of collection. Requires auctioneers to report similar information regarding a vehicle traction battery to CalRecycle. Would require battery suppliers to develop and submit to CalRecycle and to DTSC a battery management plan in form and matter determined by CalRecycle, to provide for battery suppliers to be responsible for the collection and management of battery supplier's vehicle traction batteries that are offered to the battery supplier for take back to the current battery owner or are under warranty.	
<b>SB 707</b>	Newman	Amended July 3, 2024  <b>2-Year Bill</b>  <b>(EPR)</b>	<b>Responsible Textile Recovery Act 2024.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would enact a stewardship program known as the Responsible Textile Recovery Act of 2024, which would require a produce of apparel or textile articles, to form and join a producer responsibility organization or PRO. The bill would require the PRO to be approved by CalRecycle. CalRecycle is required to adopt regulations to implement the program no earlier than July 1, 2028. Requires the PRO to submit to CalRecycle, for approval or disapproval, a complete plan for the collection, transportation, repair, sorting, and recycling, and the safe and proper management of apparel and textile articles in the state. Upon approval of a plan, or commencing July 1, 2030, the bill would make subject to specific civil penalties, unless the producer is a participant of a PRO and all apparel, and textiles are accounted for in the plan.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee  <a href="#">Watch position</a>
<b>SB 972</b>	Min	Amended June 19, 2024  <b>(California Global Warming Solution Act of 2006)</b>	<b>Methane emissions: organic waste: landfills.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> Requires CalRecycle, to provide procedures for local jurisdictions to request technical assistance regarding organic waste and methane reduction requirements from CalRecycle, to post those procedures on its internet website, and to provide that technical assistance. The bill would require CalRecycle to report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2028, on, among other things relating to organic waste and methane reduction, the status of the technical assistance provided to local jurisdictions and, on or before January 1, 2031, on the state's ability to meet the targets for reducing the disposal of organic waste in landfills and any recommendations to modify the program to achieve those goals.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position
<b>SB 1045</b>	Blakespear	Amended April 29, 2024  <b>(SB 1383 Organic Waste)</b>	<b>Composting facilities: zoning.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill, on or before June 1, 2026, would require the Office of Planning and Research, in consultation with CalRecycle, to develop and post on the office's	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.

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LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			internet website, a technical advisory reflecting best practices facilitating the siting of composting facilities to meet the organic waste reduction goals. The bill would require the office to consult with specified entities throughout the development of the technical advisory. Upon a substantive revision of the land use element, on or after January 1, 2028, would require a city, county, or city and county to consider, among other things, the best practices reflected in the technical advisory and to consider updating the land use element to identify areas where composting facilities may be appropriate as an allowable use.	No position
<b>SB 1046</b>	Laird	Amended June 12, 2024  (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	<b>Organic waste reduction: program environmental impact report: small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill requires CalRecycle to prepare and certify, by January 1, 2027, a program environmental impact report that streamlines the permitting process for jurisdictions to develop small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations for process organic material.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position
<b>SB 1053</b>	Blakespear and Allen	Amended July 3, 2024  (Single-use Plastics)	<b>Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the single use carryout bag exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag, or to contain an unwrapped food item. The bill would revise the definition of recycled paper bag to require it be made from a minimum of 50% postconsumer recycled materials on and after January 1, 2028, without exception. Also, the bill would prohibit a store from providing, distributing, or selling a bag to a customer at the point of sale. Would also repeal the provisions relating to standards for and the certification of reusable grocery bags, and would repeal a provision relating to certain obsolete at-store recycling program requirements	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Support position</a>
<b>SB 1066</b>	Blakespear	Amended April 18, 2024  (EPR/Problem Products)	<b>Hazardous waste: marine flares: producer responsibility.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with a producer responsibility organization, which would be required to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and the safe and proper management of covered products.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position
<b>SB 1113</b>	Newman	Amended March 21, 2024	<b>Beverage container recycling: pilot projects: extension.</b>	In Assembly

**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
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2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		(Bottle Bill)	<b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would authorize recycling pilot projects to operate until January 1, 2034, and repeal those provisions on that date. By extending the time recycling pilot projects may operate, the bill would make an appropriation by increasing expenditures from a continuously appropriated fund for handling fee payments to pilot recyclers. The bill would limit the time that a convenience zone that falls within the area of an operational, CalRecycle-approved pilot project is deemed to be served to January 1, 2027.	Appropriations Committee.  No position
SB 1143	Allen	Amended June 10, 2024  (EPR)	<b>Household hazardous waste: producer responsibility</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would create a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and require the producer responsibility organization (PRO) to provide a free and convenient collection and management system for covered products at no cost to residents or local governments. The bill would define “covered product” to mean a product that is flammable, toxic, ignitable, corrosive, reactive, or pressurized, and that meets other specified criteria. The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with the PRO, which would be required to develop and to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and safe and proper management of covered products. The bill would require CalRecycle, in coordination with DTSC approve plans and adopt regulations to implement the program with an effective date no earlier than July 1, 2027.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Support position</a>
SB 1147	Portantino	Amended June 19, 2024  (Problem Products)	<b>Drinking water: bottled water: microplastics levels.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would require, in the event that, the State Water Resources Control Board adopts a primary drinking water standard for microplastics, and upon adoption of that standard, any water-bottling plant that produces bottled water that is sold in this state to provide the State Department of Public Health’s Food and Drug Branch an annual report on the levels of microplastics found in the source water used for bottling and in the final bottled water product that is offered for sale. The bill would require this report to be included with the annual water-bottling plant report and, upon request, be made available to each consumer. The bill would require the State Department of Public Health to determine, upon adoption of a primary drinking water standard for microplastics in drinking water, whether requiring bottled water to meet a maximum contaminant level equivalent to the primary drinking water standard for microplastics in drinking water is necessary or appropriate for ensuring that bottled water presents no adverse effect on public health.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position



**STATUS OF LEGISLATIVE BILLS CONSIDERED BY THE  
LOS ANGELES COUNTY INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE (TF)  
2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
SB 1175	Ochoa Bogh	Amended May 13, 2024  (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	<b>Organic waste: reduction goals: local jurisdictions: waivers.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would require CalRecycle to revise the regulations to require the State Board to consider, in addition to census tracts, alternatives to those census tracts, when deciding the geographic boundaries of a low-population or elevation waiver. The bill would prohibit CalRecycle from considering those alternatives when deciding the boundaries for those waivers until it adopts the revised regulations.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position
SB 1231	Allen	Amended July 3, 2024  (Problem Products/Proper labeling)	<b>Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act: environmental advertising.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would authorize a producer or group of producers of products using covered materials to, on or before January 1, 2026, petition CalRecycle to identify material types and forms that meet those specified requirements and criteria to be considered as recyclable in the state. The bill would require CalRecycle to review the petition and approve or deny it within 60 days of receipt. Additionally, would expand that exemption to up to 24 months after the date CalRecycle publishes or updates the specified material characterization study. The bill would exclude chemicals that are disclosed only for purposes of compliance with a specified regulation governing the disclosure of chemicals on a list produced under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) from the intentionally added chemicals that would affect whether a product or package is considered recyclable in this state.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  No position
SB 1234	Allen	Amended June 10, 2024  (Shredding facility regulations)	<b>Hazardous materials: metal shredding facilities.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would regulate metal shredding facilities in the state by requiring owner or operators to obtain permits from DTSC. Prescribes requirements for obtaining a permit, operating a facility, and transporting materials. Exempts certain materials from hazardous waste classification if they meet specific requirements. Requires reporting of hazardous substance releases and emergency situations. Requires closure plans and cost estimates for closing facilities. Authorizes DTSC to enforce regulations and revoke permits and to collect annual fees from metal shredding facilities. Establishes a subaccount to hold collected fees for program administration. Prohibits local agencies from regulating facilities under this bill as hazardous waste facilities for land use decisions. Declares the bill a matter of statewide concern applicable to all cities.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee.  <a href="#">Watch position</a>
SB 1280	Laird	Amended March 20, 2024	<b>Waste management: propane cylinders: reusable or refillable.</b>	In Assembly

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2023-2024 SESSION  
JULY 18, 2024**

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		(EPR)	<b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would, on and after January 1, 2028, prohibit the sale or offer for sale of propane cylinders other than those propane cylinders that are reusable or refillable.	Appropriations Committee.  No position
SB 1359	Wilk	Amended June 10, 2024  (Illegal Dumping)  Dead	<b>Illegal dumping.</b>  <b>Proposed Law:</b> This bill would criminalize the dumping, depositing, or transporting of waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt on private property without the necessary permit or license from a state or local agency. Property owners or their agents who receive such waste matter without the required permit or license would also be subject to criminal charges. Additionally, it would be unlawful to transport waste matter in commercial quantities for the purpose of dumping it in the designated locations. However, the bill would make these provisions inapplicable to any owner, or agent of any owner, of property on which an authorized construction material or recycling facility that produces materials used for public infrastructure or stormwater pollution control is located.	In Assembly Public Safety Committee  <a href="#">Support position</a>