



# REGIONAL/COUNTYWIDE ORGANIC WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES  
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS  
OCTOBER 20, 2016



# Purpose

- **Provide regional leadership**
- **Meet the goals of Los Angeles County's Roadmap to a Sustainable Waste Management Future** (adopted by the Board of Supervisors October 2014)
- **Legislation:**
  - ❖ Senate Bills 605 and 1383 (SB 605 and SB 1383) – Short-lived climate pollutants
  - ❖ Assembly Bill 1826 (AB 1826) – Mandatory organics recycling
  - ❖ Assembly Bill 876 (AB 876) – Compostable organics

# Purpose (Continued)

- **Organics Management Plan driven by AB 876**
- **Commencing August 1, 2017, a county or regional agency shall include, in the annual report to CalRecycle the following information:**
  - ❖ Organic waste generated over 15 years
  - ❖ Organic waste recycling facility capacity needed to process that waste
  - ❖ Locations for new or expanded facilities

# Background

- **An in-depth, lengthy analysis was performed using information provided in surveys by facility operators along with data already available to the County**
- **Surveys were sent to over 300 facility operators, both in and out of the county**

# California

## Statewide *Organic Waste*

**Solid Waste** Generation (tons/year)  $\approx$  88.2 million

2014	Organic Waste		
	<i>Generation</i>	<i>Disposal</i>	<i>Diversion*</i>
<i>Annual</i> (tons/year)	22.7 million	12.4 million	10.3 million
<i>Daily</i> (tons/day-6)	72,850	39,836	33,014

\*Diversion was assumed to be the difference between generation and disposal.

**Sources:**

1. 2014 Disposal-Facility-Based Characterization of Solid Waste in California report
2. The State of Disposal in California (Updated 2016) report.

# Los Angeles County

## Countywide *Organic Waste*

**Solid Waste** Generation (tons/year)  $\approx$  21.9 million

2014	Organic Waste		
	<i>Generation</i>	<i>Disposal</i>	<i>Diversion*</i>
<i>Annual</i> (tons/year)	5.6 million	3.5 million	2.1 million
<i>Daily</i> (tons/day-6)	18,086	11,311	6,775

\*Diversion was assumed to be the difference between generation and disposal.

**Sources:**

1. The County of Los Angeles Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan, 2014 Annual Report.
2. 2014 Disposal-Facility-Based Characterization of Solid Waste in California report
3. The State of Disposal in California (Updated 2016) report.

# Available In-County Organic Waste *Processing Capacity*

Facility Type	Daily Capacity (tons/day-6)	Annual Capacity (tons/year)
Transfer/Processing	9,540	3.0 million
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,540</b>	<b>3.0 million</b>

Facility Type	Daily Capacity (tons/day-6)	Annual Capacity (tons/year)
Chipping and Grinding	4,361	1.4 million
Composting	1,255	391,408
Anaerobic Digestion	274	85,576
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,890</b>	<b>1.8 million</b>

Note: Due to rounding, numbers may not add up exactly.

## Sources:

1. Facility Surveys
2. CalRecycle's Solid Waste Information Systems Database

# Available Out-of-County Organic Waste *Processing Capacity*

- Analyzed facilities in the following Counties:

- ❖ Kern
- ❖ Kings
- ❖ Orange

- ❖ Riverside
- ❖ San Bernardino
- ❖ Ventura

Facility Type	Daily Organic Waste Processing Capacity (tpd-6)	Annual Organic Waste Processing Capacity (tons/year)
Chipping and Grinding	1,020	318,138
Composting	33,268	10.4 million
Anaerobic Digestion	404	126,000
<b>Totals</b>	<b>34,692</b>	<b>10.8 million</b>

Note: Due to rounding, numbers may not add up exactly.

## Sources:

1. Facility Surveys
2. CalRecycle's Solid Waste Information Systems Database



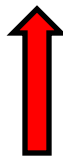
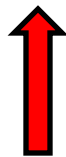
# Analysis of Organic Waste Processing Capacity Need

Scenario No.	Utilization of Existing In-County Organic Waste Transfer/ Processing Capacity	Utilization of In-County Organic Waste Diversion Facility Capacity	Utilization of Out-of-County Organic Waste Diversion Facility Capacity	Diversion Rate of 37 percent Throughout Entire Planning Period (2014-2029)	Diversion Rate of 75% by year 2020	Diversion Rate of 90% by year 2025
1	✓			✓		
2		✓		✓		
3		✓	✓	✓		
4	✓				✓	
5		✓			✓	
6		✓	✓		✓	
7	✓				✓	✓
8		✓			✓	✓
9		✓	✓		✓	✓

# Analysis of Organic Waste Processing Capacity Need

## (A) In-County Organic Transfer/Processing Capacity:

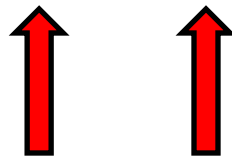
Year	Organic Waste Generation	Organic Waste Diversion Rate	Current Organic Waste Transfer/Processing Demand (Current Diversion)	Available In-County Organic Waste Transfer/Processing Capacity	Organic Waste Transfer/Processing Capacity Shortfall or (Reserve)	Additional Projected Organic Waste Transfer/Processing Demand (Current Disposal)	Additional Organic Waste Transfer/Processing Capacity Needed
	A	B	C = A * B	D	E = C - D	F = A - C	G = E + F
	(tpd-6)	%	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)
2014	18,086	37%	6,775	9,540	(2,765)	11,311	8,547



# Analysis of Organic Waste Processing Capacity Need

## (B) In-County Organic **Divers**ion Processing Capacity:

Year	Organic Waste Generation	Organic Waste Diversion Rate	Current Organic Waste Diversion Demand (Current Diversion)	Available In-County Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity	Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity Shortfall or (Reserve)	Additional Projected Organic Waste Diversion Demand (Current Disposal)	Additional Organic Waste Diversion Capacity Needed
	A	B	C = A * B	D	E = C - D	F = A - C	G = E + F
	(tpd-6)	%	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)
2014	18,086	37%	6,775	5,890	885	11,311	12,197



# Analysis of Organic Waste Processing Capacity Need

## (C) In- and Out-of-County Organic **Divers**ion Processing Capacity:

Year	Organic Waste Generation	Organic Waste Diversion Rate	Current Organic Waste Diversion Demand (Current Diversion)	Available In-County Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity	Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity <b>Shortfall</b> or (Reserve)	<b>Additional</b> Projected Organic Waste Diversion Demand (Current Disposal)	<b>Additional</b> Organic Waste Diversion Capacity Needed
	A	B	C = A * B	D	E = C - D	F = A - C	H = E + F
	(tpd-6)	%	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)
2014	18,086	37%	6,775	5,890	<b>885</b>	11,311	<b>12,197</b>

Out-of-County Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity	Organic Waste Diversion Processing Capacity <b>Shortfall</b> or (Reserve)
I	J = H - I
(tpd-6)	(tpd-6)
34,692	<b>(22,495)</b>



# Strategy for Meeting Organic Waste Need

- Reduce the generation of organic waste (at the source)
  - ❖ Education and Outreach
- Encourage and facilitate the development of in-County planned/proposed organic waste processing facilities (e.g., anaerobic digestion, conversion technology, composting)
  - ❖ Streamline permitting process
  - ❖ Encourage jurisdictions to adopt an ordinance
- Encourage development of compost product markets
- Utilization of out-of-County organic waste processing capacity

# Organics Options Analysis

- **Option #1:** Commercial Recycling Ordinance
- **Option #2:** Single-Family Residential Recycling Ordinance
- **Option #3:** Self-Haul Standards
- **Option #4:** Flow Control
- **Option #5:** Contract Modification
- **Option #6:** Exclusive Commercial Hauling
- **Option #7:** Source Separated Organics Collection
- **Option #8:** Wet/Dry Collection
- **Option #9:** Incentives
- **Option #10:** Education Only
- **Option #11:** On-Site Management

# Organics Options Analysis (Continued)

- **Evaluates the following:**
  - ❖ Cost Considerations
  - ❖ Time and Ease to Implement
  - ❖ Success of Others
  - ❖ Impacts to Haulers
  - ❖ Environmental Impacts
  - ❖ Enforcement Considerations

# Compost and Organics Product Market Evaluation

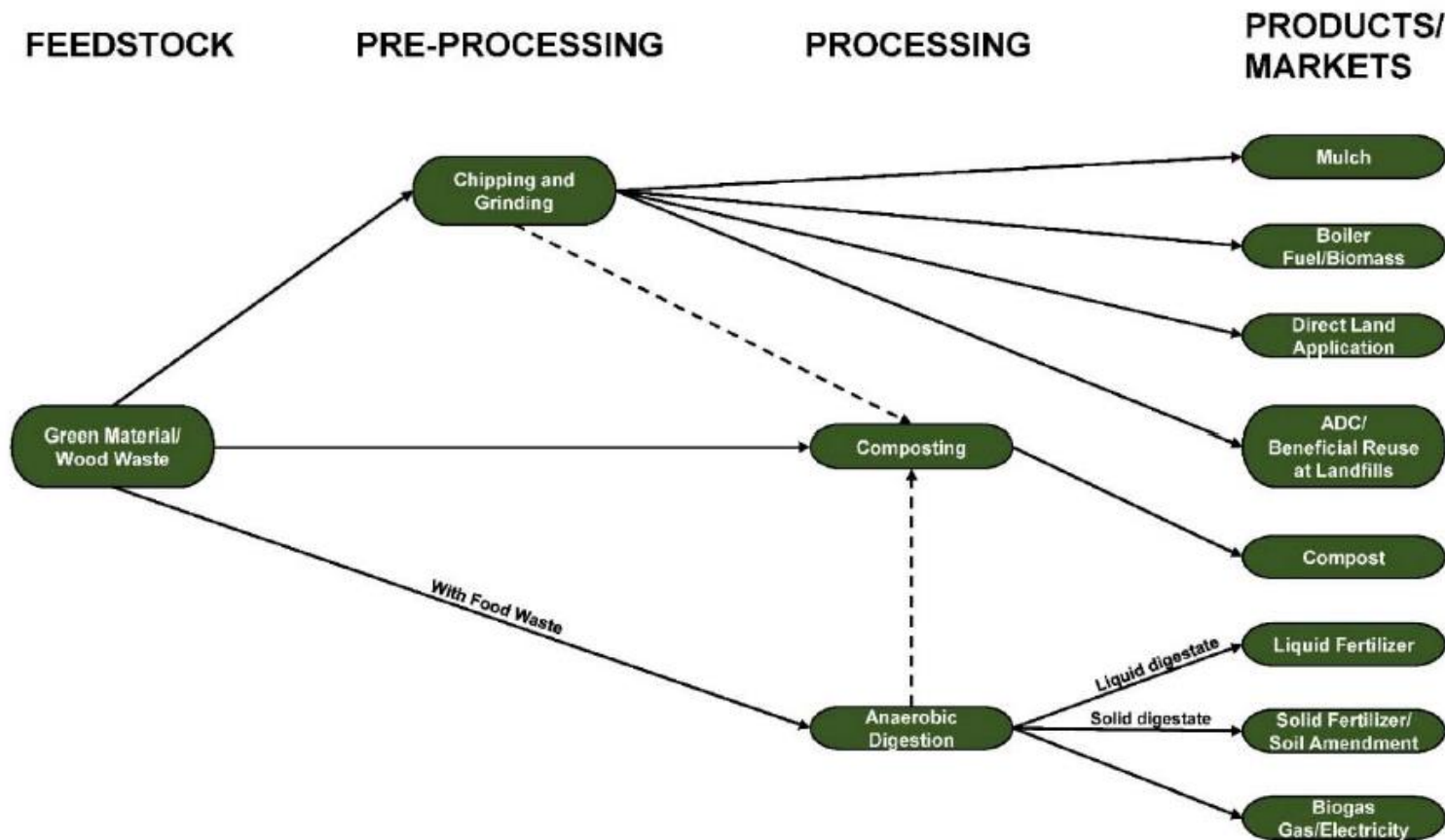


Figure 2-1: Green Material and Wood Waste



# Compost and Organics Product Market Evaluation (Continued)

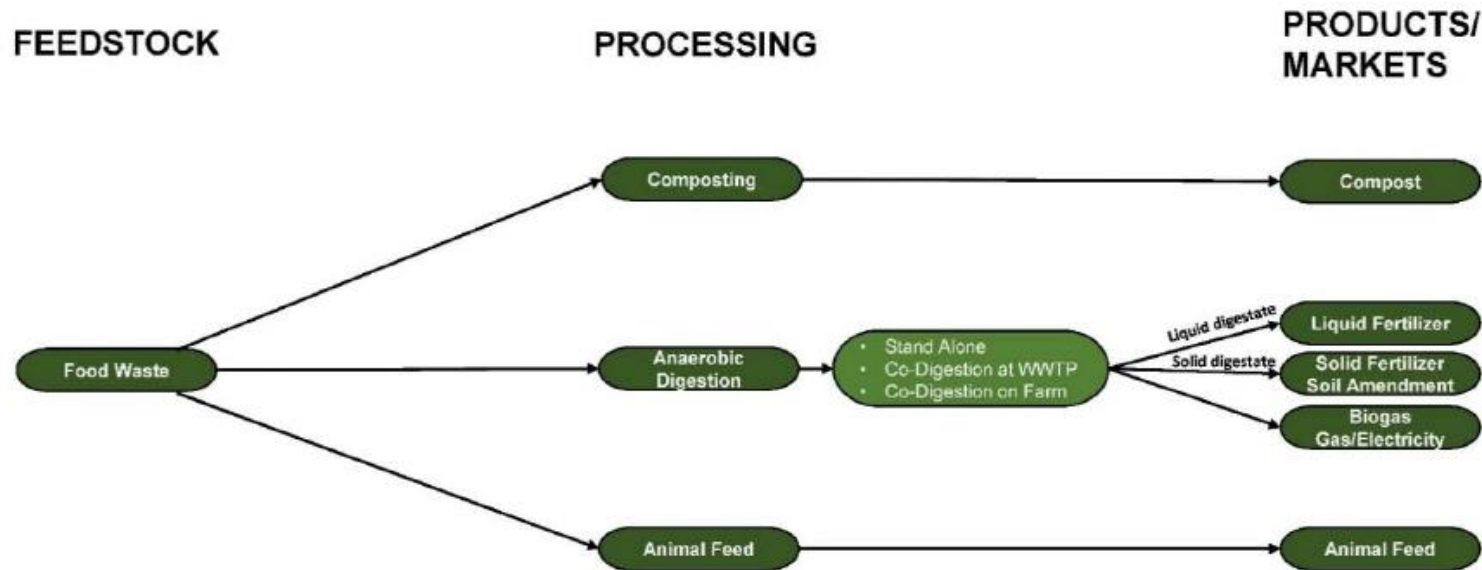


Figure 2-2: Food Scraps

# Comment and Review Period

- **Subcommittee and Main Task Force comment and review period:**
  - 30 days, commenced September 15, 2016
- **Release to Cities and the Public:**
  - Early 2017

# Questions?



# Thank You!