

## Recycling and Disposal Reporting System (RDRS) Rulemaking

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### Purpose of Rulemaking

- Clarify existing language in Recycling and Disposal Reporting System (RDRS) regulations
- Implement new reporting requirements added by:
- Senate Bill (SB) 343 (2021)
  - Regulates recyclability claims of products and packaging sold in the state
  - Requires RDRS to collect new data related to material recyclability
  - Assembly Bill (SB) 881 (2021)
    - Classifies exported mixed plastic waste as disposal
    - Requires RDRS to gather jurisdiction of origin for these exported materials

### Policy Impacts

- •Implement the statutory goals of SB 343 and AB 881 by incorporating requirements for reporting of recyclables and mixed plastic waste
- Ensure the accuracy of the information collected by RDRS reporting
- Reduce landfill disposal and meet AB 341 recycling goal
- Improve understanding of recyclability of various products
- Increase clarity in recyclability labeling and marketing
- Improve granularity of source sector and jurisdiction of origin of waste
- Collect more detail on what materials are recycled, composted, or recovered

### Rulemaking Timeline

- •January 17<sup>th</sup>, 2023 Regulations submitted to the Office of Administrative Law (OAL)
- •January 27<sup>th</sup>, 2023 Regulations published in the California Regulatory Notice Register on January 27th, 2023
- •January 27<sup>th</sup>, 2023 First public comment period begins
- •March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2023 CalRecycle hosts public hearing; first public comment period ends
- •July 12<sup>th</sup>, 2023 Second comment period begins
- •July 27<sup>th</sup>, 2023 Second comment period ends

### Initial Regulatory Changes - Definitions

- Define "collection method" to include material stream, source sector, and segregation
- Include "reuse" as a material consumer end user category
- Define "mixed plastic waste"
- Include material accepted in a mixed waste organic collection stream in the definition of "solid waste"
- •Classify any materials sent to a disposal facility as part of the solid waste material stream, even source-separated recycling mixed with solid waste



### Initial Regulatory Changes - Mixed Plastic Waste

- Require contract haulers, transfer/processors, exporters, and disposal facilities to report tons of exported mixed plastic waste to CalRecycle, including:
  - Tons of each material type sent to each destination region
  - Tons sent from each jurisdiction of origin across all material types and destination regions



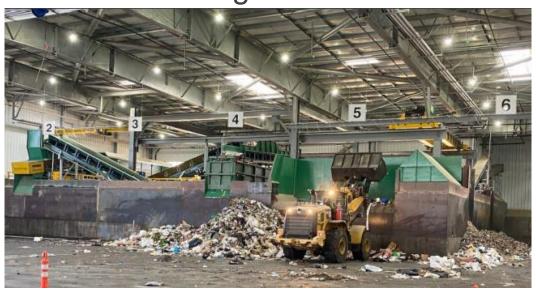
# Initial Regulatory Changes - Haulers, Brokers, Transporters

- •Require self-haulers and contract haulers to provide collection method and jurisdiction of origin for all tons delivered to any reporting entity
- •Clarify how material sent to broker/transporters should be reported when the broker/transporter receives the material inside versus outside of California



### Initial Regulatory Changes – Facilities

- •Clarify which materials are considered as generated by the disposal facility
- Clarify how CalRecycle will calculate:
  - Transfer/processor's recovery efficiency
  - Annual average mixed waste organic content recovery rate



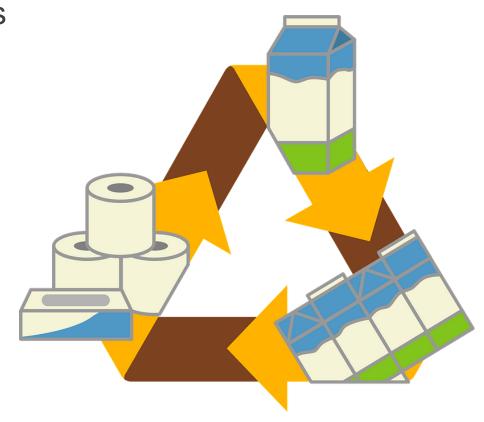
### Initial Regulatory Changes - Jurisdiction of Origin & Source Sector

- •Ensure that jurisdiction of origin is reported for leftover solid waste or green material from recycling, composting, or broker/transporting activities that is disposed
- •Capture the actual jurisdiction of origin for residuals rather than host assign to the jurisdiction in which the facility is located
- Explain how to determine jurisdiction of origin of materials, including mixed plastic waste
- Assign source sector for residual disposal and material received from recyclers, composters, brokers, transporters, and disposal facilities



### Initial Regulatory Changes - Materials

- Collect material type information about flows of mixed materials
- •Gather collection method for material that ultimately becomes feedstock used in the production of new products or packaging



### New Regulatory Changes

- Amendments will commence on January 1, 2025
- Designated waste and disaster debris will not be assigned a source sector
- Provides methods for non-disposal facilities methods to report material type for beneficial reuse
- Soil will not be included in potential beneficial reuse tonnages
- Clarifies how collection method should be determined for mixed loads:
  - Most aggregated segregation level shall apply (e.g., 1- bin if the load is mixed 1-bin and 2-bin)
  - Proportion from each source sector shall be estimated or the majority source sector shall be assigned to the entire load

#### Questions?

